

Senators Martin and Swanson Sweep the State

BEATTIE MAY KNOW HIS FATE BEFORE SUNSET

Jury Instructed and Ar- gument in Case Now Half Finished.

WENDENBURG AND SMITH SPEAK TODAY

Court's Charge Consists Chiefly of Declaration of Elementary Principles of Law Touching Rights of Prisoner—Day Brings Little if Any Change in Situation.

BY JOSEPH F. GEISINGER.

Before another day passes Henry Beattie, alleged murderer of his wife, will know whether he is to live or die.

With the jury instructed and half the argument finished, there is nothing to alter the gloomy prospect that seemed yesterday to spread before the prisoner at the bar. In the court's charge to the twelve countrymen with-in the box the defense appeared at first to find some need of comfort, and counsel certainly, with signal ability, fought manfully against fearful odds. But when it was over and done and sober second thought began to take account of the fifteenth day's record, not much appeared to tip the scales of justice either way. Both sides merely had a full and even lining, and to both the dozen judges listened courteously as it perforce. There can be little doubt of it now. The Beattie jury is interested, but not awayed, by lawyers' skillful play of words. To their own minds and hearts these sturdy, honest farmers will turn for guidance, and waste no time deciding.

By sunset the celebrated trial that has stirred the nation from shore to shore will be at an end. Early this morning counsel will be in the arena again, struggling to the last, and bearing, losing hope. For the State, Gregory, and for the defense, Carter, have already spoken. It was the order named, and no fiercer legal battle will ever be seen in Virginia courts. Respecting and fearing each other for talents known throughout the South, often heretofore shoulder to shoulder, but for once at daggers drawn, these two, keen and brilliant in superlative degree, will measure their strength upon a field worthy in every way of the greatest effort of their lives. In a different sense, but none the less truly, their future hangs in the balance, too, and both know it well. There will be no half-way fight.

About the middle of the afternoon or at all events by supper time, the jury will take the case. Within an hour, as often said before, the result, if it is believed, will be known. There seems little hope of acquittal and but small chance of a mistrial.

Beattie still thinks he will eat dinner with his family Sunday, but those who stand by looking on shake their heads and turn away from the sight of the honest, smiling boy with the sword hanging perilously above his cheerful head. Surprise often comes where things seem fixed, and Beattie may yet walk forth a free man. But it would be a surprise indeed if it should happen now, and few expect to live to see it.

Sensational Rumors Denied.

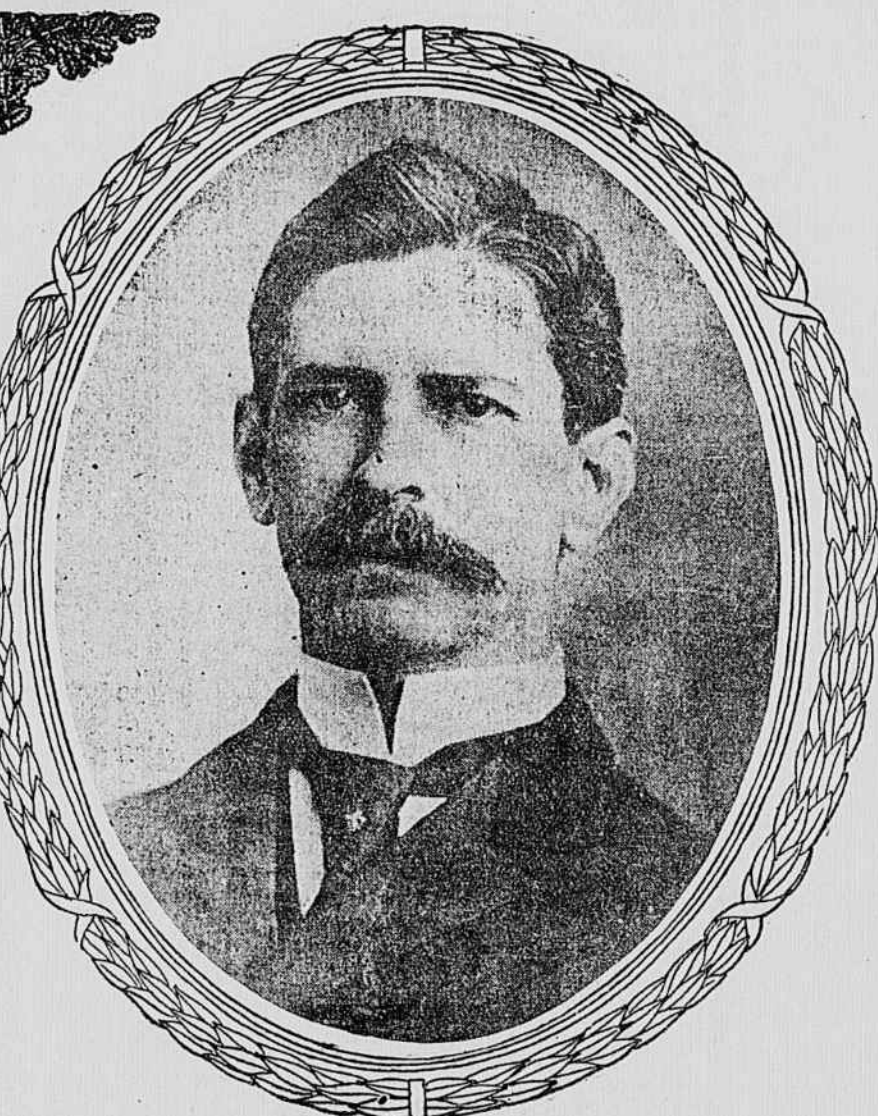
Sensational rumors continued to fly about during the day, and in spite of pointed denials attracted many believers. The circumstantial account of one eye-witness to the crime, who elaborately described the whole murderous scene on the lonely pike caused a momentary flutter, but soon was catalogued among the other emanations from disordered brains that appear to have found in this trial a signal for sudden activity. As a matter of fact, however, this so-called eye-witness was marvelously correct in some alleged features of the case, and in more than one instance related circumstances expected but never definitely established by the Commonwealth's investigators. In view of this a thorough inquiry is being made into the history of the man, who is now in Chicago, and his story will be carefully scrutinized before it is finally abandoned. Mr. Wendenburg declared yesterday that he placed no reliance whatever in the new witness, but that as a mere matter of precaution he had directed the police of both Richmond and Chicago to sift it to the bottom. Should it be found at the last moment that there is after all some show of truth in the man's story and not a mere ruse to get a free ticket to Richmond, the "eye-witness" will be brought before the court at once. It would not be too late even after the argument had been concluded. However, the trial judge would certainly require that the evidence be of a very impressive and convincing character before he would consent to interrupt the proceedings at this stage. The State attorney in reality expects to hear nothing more of the affair.

The Court's Instructions.

Chief among the other events of the day was the curious misinterpretation of the court's instructions to the jury. From a hasty and ill-digested reading, supported by some newspaper reports, a large part of the public somehow gathered an impression that Judge Watson had suddenly settled the case in favor of the defendant. This is anything but correct. Here, as



SENATOR THOMAS S. MARTIN.



SENATOR CLAUDE A. SWANSON.

AMERICAN CITIZENS WILL BE PROTECTED

Crisis Arises in Turbulent Province of Szechuan, in China.

SITUATION IS CRITICAL

Formidable International Naval Array at Hand in Foreign Waters.

Washington, D. C., September 7.—A crisis has arisen in the turbulent province of Szechuan, in China, and foreign officers of not only the United States, but of other countries, have taken precautionary steps for the safety of their citizens in that section. American gunboats will be brought into play to guard American citizens, and a formidable international naval array is at hand in Chinese waters. American Charge d'Affairs Williams, at Peking, to-day cabled the State Department that the situation had become critical in Szechuan, where public meetings in various cities, accompanied with the closing of shops and schools and refusal to pay taxes, have culminated in serious disorders. American Methodist missionaries at Chungking and Chengtu, have informed Mr. Williams that none of them has yet left his post, except that American and British women have left Chengtu for Chungking. Twenty-one districts are said to be so far affected by the present agitation. Tax offices have been destroyed and several officials have been resigned, but resistance to the government has in general been passive rather than active.

Protection Assured.

The Chinese foreign office has assured the legation that protection will be given all foreigners, and their property, and has offered escort to all who desire to leave the disturbed districts. The Viceroy of Szechuan is said to be acting with energy. A British gunboat is now proceeding to Chingtu.

(Continued on Last Page.)

TWO AIRMEN FALL TO INSTANT DEATH

Gasoline Tank of Aeroplane Explodes and Machine Drops Sixty Feet.

Mulhausen, Germany, September 7.—Two more names were added to-day to the long roll of persons killed this year in aeroplane accidents.

Lieutenant Neumann, a German military aviator, started from this city this morning in the direction of Strassburg, carrying as a passenger M. Leconte, a French aeronaut. The aeroplane hardly had gone fifteen miles when the gasoline tank exploded. The report of the explosion was audible for a distance of several miles.

Both Instantly Killed.

The machine dropped at Billzheim from an altitude of sixty feet, and both aviators were instantly killed. Their skulls were broken and they were frightfully injured about the body.

Lieutenant Neumann, who qualified as a pilot last spring, had been detailed to participate in the army manoeuvres which are to be held next week in the grand duchy of Baden. The Frenchman, Leconte, was an instructor at the aviation school at Mulhausen.

MEET IN ZURICH IN 1913

Switzerland Selected for World's Sunday School Convention.

London, September 7.—Zurich, Switzerland, has been selected as the place for the holding of the world's seventh Sunday school convention in 1913. The American section of the international association of the city chosen. The last convention was held at Washington in May of last year.

HERBERT HULCE CITY COLLECTOR

Harwood, Curtis, Creamer, Montague and Cox Win for House of Delegates.

TONY LARGELY SCRATCHED

Martin and Swanson Get Big Majority in All City Wards.

Herbert L. Hulce was elected City Collector in the Democratic primary yesterday, defeating Frank T. Bates and George C. Ruskell. His majority was 1,365.

John S. Harwood, Edwin P. Cox, Hill Montague, John A. Curtis and James J. Creamer were elected to the House of Delegates. The surprise of the day was the defeat of D. L. Toney, the Southside member.

Senatorial Vote.

Senators Martin and Swanson won over Representatives Jones and Glass in Richmond, the Martin majority being 1,594, while Swanson's majority over Glass was 1,585.

Throughout the day there was no excitement and practically no interest in the contest. It was largely a question of majority in the senatorial fight, while in the race for the House of Delegates it was a question as to who would be able to slip in as the third man. In all of the early forecasts Toney was put down as a certain winner on the theory that South Richmond was entitled to one representative.

In the race for City Collector, there was more uncertainty than in the other contests, the general idea being that Bates would have such a big vote in the East End that he would cut deeply into Hulce and Ruskell, who were expected to divide the vote. Each of these candidates is on the city payroll.

LA FOLLETTE HAILED AS LOGICAL LEADER

PRIMARY RESULTS IN LEGISLATURE

Strode and Gravatt Win, While Rosewell Page Goes Down in Defeat.

Most prominent among the results of yesterday's primaries in the effects on the personnel of the next General Assembly are the renomination of Senators Aubrey E. Strode, of Amherst, and Charles U. Gravatt, of Caroline, and the defeat of Rosewell Page, the member of the House of Delegates from Hanover county. The latter was chairman of the Committee for Courts of Justice, and thus held a commanding position in legislative councils.

Senators Strode and Gravatt stand out among the ruins of the cause of the Virginia Democratic League. Hot fights were made on both, largely because of their advocacy of the cause of Mr. Jones and Mr. Glass. Senator Gravatt is president of the league, and his defeat was a severe blow to the league's cause. Predictions that his defeat was impending have been general for several days. Senator Strode was vigorously opposed by Bland Massie, of Amherst.

Big Man Coming.

A striking figure, physically and intellectually, enters the Senate in the person of Howell C. Featherston, who succeeds Senator Don P. Halsey, as the member from the district composed of Lynchburg and Campbell. Mr. Featherston was formerly in the House.

Among the Senate leaders sent back by his constituents yesterday is Saxon W. Holt, of Newport News. Berkley D. Adams, of Charlotte, gets back to the House by an ample majority.

H. M. White, of Rockbridge, returns in spite of some opposition based upon his fight against the income tax amendment to the Constitution in the last session. Judge Leo D. Yarell, of Emporia, is apparently defeated for reelection by A. H. Howerton, and the

Progressive Republicans of Min- nesota Indorse Wisconsin Senator.

FORMALLY OPENS CAMPAIGN

Support Is Pledged in Contest for Presidential Nomi- nation.

Minneapolis, Minn., September 7.—More than 300 Progressive Republicans from the four corners of Minnesota at a banquet here to-night, hailed with acclaim Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, as the logical standard-bearer of "advanced Republicanism" in the next presidential campaign. Resolutions were adopted pledging support to the Wisconsin Senator, "first, last, and all the time" in the contest for the presidential nominations.

The resolutions, after denouncing existing political methods and endorsing the Progressive movement, concluded:

"We declare it to be our conviction that the ability, patriotism and record of the Hon. Robert M. La Follette as a law-maker and executive make him the leader of the Progressive movement in the United States, and the logical nominee of the Republican party for President at its next national convention, and we pledge ourselves to work for his nomination and election first, last and all the time."

Senator La Follette found an ardent champion, President Taft, an avenging insurgent, in Congressman Irvine Lenox, which formally opened the La Follette campaign in Minnesota for the nomination for President on the Republican ticket.

Taft Is Arraigned.

After paying exalted tribute to Senator La Follette as a constructive statesman, Representative Lennox arraigned President Taft for alleged unfaithfulness to the people.

"Since March 4, 1909," he said, "the

WIN IN PRIMARY BY MAJORITIES OF ABOUT 30,000

Jones and Glass Defeat- ed by Avalanche of Ballots.

GLASS LOSES HIS OWN DISTRICT

Gets Big Vote in His City of Lynchburg—All Four Can- didates Receive Home Indorse- ment—One Chosen for Full and Other for Unex- pired Term.

In an apparently normal vote of about 80,000, United States Senators Thomas S. Martin and Claude A. Swanson were on yesterday nominated to succeed themselves by majorities, which, it appears, will exceed 30,000. Returns are still incomplete, and it is true that some of those missing are from the counties in the district of Representative William A. Jones, yet the vote there is not large, and it seems unlikely that the minority of Senator Martin will be less than the figure already named. Representative Carter Glass's defeat is still more overwhelming.

From the very beginning, as the returns from the primary election began to arrive, it was evident that the cause of Mr. Jones and Mr. Glass was hopeless. Later news was but cumulative, and county after county, city after city, added to the tremendous majorities given to the incumbents. Scores of precincts were heard from, where Senators Martin and Swanson received every vote cast, while literally in hundreds of voting places the opposition to them was given a vote so inconspicuous as to make no showing in the totals of an entire county.

Jones Carries District.

It would seem that Mr. Jones has possibly carried the First District—his own. Majorities were given against him in the Peninsula section, and also in Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania, while King and Queen appears to be a tie. Yet he received a flattering vote in the Northern Neck, where he lives, and where but little opposition to him could be marshaled. However, Mr. Glass was not so fortunate. From incomplete returns on hand up to an early hour this morning, he seems to have lost his own district—the Sixth—by perhaps a vote of two for Mr. Swanson to one for Mr. Glass. Halifax, Charlotte, Roanoke city and county gave heavy majorities against him. On the other hand, the large vote given him in his home city of Lynchburg, at a time when Senator Martin secured one even larger, is taken to indicate the standing of Mr. Glass in that community.

In fact, no section turned its back on a home man. Senator Martin's majority was increased in Albemarle county over that given him six years ago. Senator Swanson swept his home county of Pittsylvania. Everybody was indorsed at home.

Full Vote Not Reported.

The tabulated vote of the State as printed this morning is necessarily incomplete. Some counties are missing, while others were reported by correspondents in the form of majorities, instead of respective votes. In some instances these majorities are estimated. Therefore, the totals for each man are not to be taken in any sense as showing the entire vote cast. This will not be definitely known until the returns are officially canvassed by the State Democratic Committee.

Only one or two counties in this State outside of the First District were lost by Senator Martin. One of these is Bedford, where large majorities were given not only for Mr. Glass, the local Congressman, but for Mr. Jones as well. On the other hand, such counties as Loudoun and Mecklenburg, which had been claimed by the Virginia Democratic League, returned majorities for the incumbents.

Light Vote in Spots.

In the Seventh and Ninth Districts, the size of the majority was evidently measured by the size of the vote. Martin and Swanson received nearly all the ballots, but in most of the counties the vote was very light in the absence of local contests. This was particularly true in such counties as Rockingham.

The candidates had but little to say last night, as the returns came to them. Senator Martin was at his headquarters at Murphy's Hotel with some friends, and quietly received the congratulations which came to him in

Complete Election Returns for the City of Richmond

	Clay Ward.				Lee Ward.				Henry Ward.				Monroe Ward.				Madison Ward.				Jefferson Ward.				Marshall Ward.				Washington Ward.				Total.
United States Senate.	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th	1st	2d	3d	4th					
Martin	208	188	204	285	241	139	146	104	150	26	181	103	86	37	175	84	79	67	129	149	60	138	65	177	61	60	180	82	100				
Jones	159	85	84	197	146	57	87	55	71	8	62	32	29	11	84	23	18	20	47	106	86	104	137	193	83	20	62	37	46				
Glass	167	74	61	153	149	37	91	37	77	7	64	59	40	11	73	29	15	16	40	89	51	76	61	157	42	16	61	41	49				
Swanson	209	202	227	254	243	165	140	103	143	28	128	96	84	37	188	86	83	70	139	184	97	164	144	214	104	64	103	82	98				
House of Delegates.																																	
Campbell	101	42	60	123	86	36	42	43	45	6	45	36	18	4	50	31	13	5	36	62	34	63	36	146	36	22	87	53	65	1,162			
Cox	133	153	174	275	305	126	155	102	151	29	124	105	68	34	164	77	61	67	104	151	81	82	93	193	81	49	96	88	84	3,491			
Creamer	139	141	146	206	141	98	98	35	101	20	76	65	76	35	143	54	61	62	105	186	71	107	126	208	71	45	82	63	78	2,357			
Crenshaw	171	113	97	167	208	68	103	83	95	8	84	78	38	8	85	36	39	13	54	81	43	57	149	37	13	44	41	37	2,128				
Curtis	162	137	129	247	196	104	126	66	109	24	81	75	62	24	130	49	79	39	100	161	77	92	107	221	86	32	63	42	48	2,878			
Harwood	230	211	217	368	327	154	198	116	175	18	145	132	95	41	194	78	82	68	129	218	118	140	133	298	103	48	113	68	99	4,369			
Montague	212	139	163	233	254	101	153	87	130	11	100	98	62	16	121	52	39	41	64	132	95	124	102	227	75	19	99	59	79	3,054			
Steel	111	54	62	124	110	36	61	18	63	10	64	50	37	2	61	28	14	7	27	59	41	38	30	95	30	12	31	18	25	1,359			
Toney	135	125	124	197	158	101	91	68	83	23	76	45	66	32	122	43	55	61	97	138	57	80	100	197	66	16	78	55	77	2,184			
Throckmorton	48	26	24	42	33	20	23	22	26	6	19	13	28	3	30	12	7	7	18	34	32	29	72	76	38	8	18	22	19	747			
City Collector.																																	
Bates	99	54	21	116	115	25	46	32	35	11	37	40	31	7	64	27	20	23	68	118	96	156	101	214	112	20	58	40	31	1,716			
Hulce	205	198	253	296	182	181	154	104	130	16	112	109	77	26	162	55	61	23	76	120	47	78	88	112	35	75	66	40	59	2,081			
Ruskell	65	19	11	67	98	27	38	27	57	9	44	23	20	15	40	27	17	41	54	22	7	9	15	19	2	41	37	39	53	932			

(Continued on Sixth Page.)